

FJ BlackRock U.S. Debt Index NL Fund

AS OF 2025-09-30

INVESTMENT STRATEGY: The Fund shall be invested and reinvested primarily in a portfolio of debt securities with the objective of approximating as closely as practicable the total rate of return of the market for debt securities as defined by the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index. The fund uses a indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment objective. Unlike many funds, the Fund does not try to outperform the index it seeks to track and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued.

Fund Category: **Bond**

PORTFOLIO DETAILS						
2009-02-06						
0.04						
0.04						
19.30						

TOP TEN HOLDINGS AS OF 2025-09-30

	% of Assets
BlackRock US Debt Index NL F	100.00

PRINCIPAL RISKS

Principal Risks include: Administrative Fee, Derivatives, Fixed-Income Securities, Index Correlation/Tracking Error, Interest Rate, Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Securities, Portfolio Risk, Private Fund and U.S. Government Obligations. See disclosure for details.

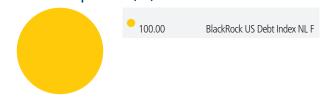
Average Annual Total Returns %

As of 2025-09-30

	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Inception
FJ BlackRock U.S. Debt Index NL Fund	6.12	2.88	4.93	-0.45	1.83	
Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond In ⁱ³⁰	6.13	2.88	4.93	-0.45	1.84	

Performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Due to market volatility, current performance may be less or higher than the figures shown. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate so that upon redemption, shares may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance data does not reflect deduction of redemption fee, which, if such fee exists, would lower performance. For current to the most recent month-end performance information, please log onto myplan.johnhancock.com or call a John Hancock representative at (800) 294-3575.

Portfolio Snapshot^{b2} (%)



11. The Gross Expense Ratio does not include fee waivers or expense reimbursements which result in lower actual cost to the investor. The LLC. Net Expense Ratio represents the effect of a fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement and is subject to change.

f1. The Gross Expense Ratio does not include fee waivers or expense

Marketing support services are provided by John Hancock Distributors
reimbursements which result in lower actual cost to the investor. The





Important Notes

Other:

b2. The portfolio composition, industry sectors, top ten holdings, and credit analysis are presented to illustrate examples of securities that the fund has bought and diversity of areas in which the fund may invest and may not be representative of the fund's current or future investments. The top ten holdings do not include money market instruments and/or futures contracts. The figures presented are as of date shown, do not include the fund's entire investment portfolio, and may change at any time.

Index Description:

i30. Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index is an unmanaged market value-weighted performance benchmark for investment-grade or better fixed-rate debt issues, including government, corporate, asset-backed, and mortgage-backed securities, with maturities of at least one year. Results assume the reinvestment of all capital gain and dividend distributions. An investment cannot be made directly into an index.

Principal Risks

Administrative Fee: The expense ratio includes the fund company management fee and the additional John Hancock Retirement Plan Services, LLC administrative fee.

Derivatives: Investments in derivatives may be subject to the risk that the advisor does not correctly predict the movement of the underlying security, interest rate, market index, or other financial asset, or that the value of the derivative does not correlate perfectly with either the overall market or the underlying asset from which the derivative's value is derived. Because derivatives usually involve a small investment relative to the magnitude of liquidity and other risks assumed, the resulting gain or loss from the transaction will be disproportionately magnified. These investments may result in a loss if the counterparty to the transaction does not perform as promised.

Fixed-Income Securities: The value of fixed-income or debt securities may be susceptible to general movements in the bond market and are subject to interest-rate and credit risk.

Index Correlation/Tracking Error: A portfolio that tracks an index is subject to the risk that certain factors may cause the portfolio to track its target index less closely, including if the advisor selects securities that are not fully representative of the index. The portfolio will generally reflect the performance of its target index even if the index does not perform well, and it may underperform the index after factoring in fees, expenses, transaction costs, and the size and timing of shareholder purchases and redemptions.

Interest Rate: Most securities are subject to the risk that changes in interest rates will reduce their market value.

Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Securities: Investments in mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities may be subject to increased price volatility because of changes in interest rates, issuer information availability, credit quality of the underlying assets, market perception of the issuer, availability of credit enhancement, and prepayment of principal. The value of ABS and MBS may be adversely affected if the underlying borrower fails to pay the loan included in the security.

Portfolio Risk: This is not a mutual fund, prospectuses are not required, and prices are not available in local publications. The portfolio allocates its investments among multiple asset classes, which can include U.S. and foreign equity and fixed income securities. Foreign investing involves risks not associated with U.S. investments, including currency fluctuations and political and economic changes. These risks are likely to be greater for emerging markets than in developed markets. Portfolios that invest in bonds are subject to interest-rate risk and can lose principal value when interest rates rise. The portfolio may also allocate its investments in growth and value stocks, real estate investment trusts, and corporate and U.S. government bonds. Asset allocation does not ensure a profit or protection against a loss. Please note that asset allocation may not be appropriate for all participants particularly those interested in directing investment options on their own. Consider the investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses of the fund carefully before investing. An investor should examine the asset allocation of the portfolio to ensure it is consistent with their own risk tolerance.

Private Fund: The fund is not a mutual fund and is privately offered. Prospectuses are not required and prices are not available in local publications.

U.S. Government Obligations: Investments in U.S. government obligations are subject to varying levels of government support. In the event of default, some U.S. government securities, including U.S. Treasury obligations and Ginnie Mae securities, are issued and guaranteed as to principal and interest by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. Other securities are obligations of U.S. government-sponsored entities but are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. government